ASSESSING DETENTIONS OF JOURNALISTS IN MYANMAR

Assessment from February 2021 to July 2025

The Myanmar military launched a crackdown on media freedom as part of a *coup d'état* on I February 2021, persecuting journalists and rolling back a decade of legal reforms. ICNL has built a large case database of detained journalists, cross-corroborating multiple civil society monitoring efforts, and complementing them with an analysis of the legal status of cases.

Over the past four years, the military has detained **over 220 journalists from over 100 media outlets, charging 176 with a crime under nine separate laws**, mainly incitement, "false news", and weaponized counterterrorism provisions.

The military's sham courts have ignored domestic and international law and disregarded due process, sentencing 91 journalists so far to a combined total of 511 years imprisonment, with individual terms up to 27 years long. At least 49 journalists were languishing in prison by the end of July 2025, causing a chilling effect across the media and presenting severe challenges to media outlets' resources, capacity, and morale.

Despite all of this, Myanmar's journalists and media outlets remain bravely committed to building a robust information ecosystem for a public desperately seeking to know the truth about military oppression.

Stakeholders, including the United Nations internationally and within Myanmar, should strengthen the support for detained journalists and the media, ensuring it adequately reflects their role as the oxygen of the ongoing movement for a return to democratization. Now is also the time for the development of reform proposals for a legitimate government to roll back the military's attacks on the rights to freedom of expression and association.

Journalists detained 49 Still imprisoned by July 2025 Journalists sentenced to a combined 511 years in prison Of convicted journalists given extreme sentences of 10 to 27 years in prison Journalists released so far. after an average of 6 months in prison each Media outlets had journalists detained; 50 of them had journalists sentenced

Women

Faced higher charge and conviction rates